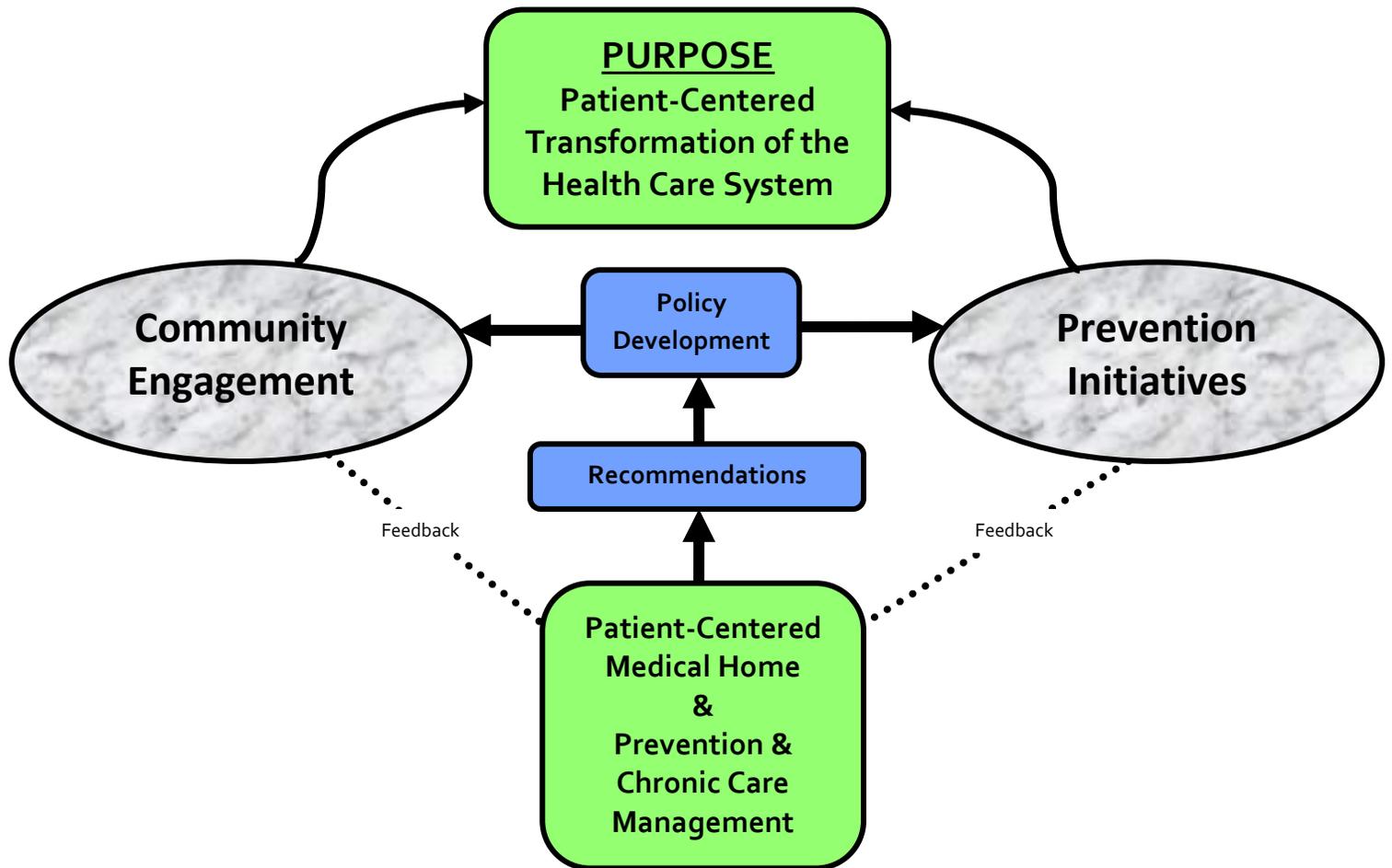


# Medical Home and Prevention and Chronic Care Management Advisory Council Vision



## Advisory Council Mission

The mission of the Advisory Council is to promote community care coordination and advance patient-centered transformation of the health care system by recommending strategies to IDPH, the legislature, and other stakeholders.

### Workgroups & Focus Areas

1. **Community Care Coordination-** to promote the coordination of community and health care services to advance patient-centered transformation of the local health care system.
  - a. Community utilities
  - b. Patient-centered medical home
  - c. Diabetes Care Coordination Plan
2. **Health Care Transformation-** to encourage partnership between community health care partners in Iowa who are working on new system-level models to provide better health care at lower costs by focusing on shifting from volume to value based health care.
  - a. Provider engagement
  - b. Mental Health Redesign/Health Benefit Exchange/Accountable Care Organizations
  - c. Utilization of evidence-based practices and sustainability
3. **Consumer Engagement and Education-** to educate Iowans and ensure that they have access to tools to be engaged in their health and lead healthy lives.
  - a. Prevention
  - b. Spreading of Health Promotion Programs to communities

### 2012 Game Plan

1. Establishing a new culture in health care
2. Creating respect and synergy between community health care partners
3. Exploring the concept of community health care coordination strategies
  - a. Determine best practices

# National Quality Strategy

The Affordable Care Act called on the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish a [National Strategy for Quality Improvement in Health Care](#) (National Quality Strategy). This National Quality Strategy is a strategic plan for improving the delivery of health care services, achieving better patient outcomes, and improving the health of the U.S. population.

## Three-Part Aim

The National Quality Strategy will pursue three broad aims. These aims will be used to guide and assess local, State, and national efforts to improve the quality of health care.

1. **Better Care:** Improve the overall quality, by making health care more patient-centered, reliable, accessible, and safe.
2. **Healthy People/Healthy Communities:** Improve the health of the U.S. population by supporting proven interventions to address behavioral, social and, environmental determinants of health in addition to delivering higher-quality care.
3. **Affordable Care:** Reduce the cost of quality health care for individuals, families, employers, and government.

## National Priorities

To advance these three aims, the National Quality Strategy will focus initially on six priorities:

- Making care safer by reducing harm
- Ensuring that each person and family are engaged in their care
- Effective communication and coordination
- Effective prevention and treatment for leading causes of mortality, beginning with cardiovascular disease
- Promote the wide use of best practices
- Making quality care more affordable by developing and spreading new health care delivery models

## Principles for the National Quality Strategy

A set of ten basic [principles](#) were articulated, which will govern how health care services should be provided and how institutions and health professionals should conduct their activities.

1. [Person-centeredness and family engagement](#)
2. [Specific health considerations](#)
3. [Eliminating disparities in care](#)
4. [Aligning the efforts of public and private sectors](#)
5. [Quality improvement](#)
6. [Consistent national standards](#)
7. [Primary care will become a bigger focus](#)
8. [Coordination will be enhanced](#)
9. [Integration of care delivery](#)
10. [Providing clear information](#)