

## APPENDIX C: SUPPLIES FOR INFANTS AND TODDLERS IN MASS CARE SHELTERS AND EMERGENCY CONGREGATE CARE FACILITIES

This document was facilitated by the National Commission on Children and Disasters with guidance from subject matter experts in emergency management and pediatric care. The document identifies basic supplies necessary to sustain and support 10 infants and children up to 3 years of age for a 24 hour period. The guidance is “scalable” to accommodate 10 or more children over a longer period of time.

The National Commission on Children and Disasters recommends state and local jurisdictions provide caches of supplies to support the care of children in mass care shelters and emergency congregate care facilities for a minimum of 72 hours. The amount of supplies cached in an area should be based upon the potential number of children up to 3 years of age that could be populating the local shelters and facilities for a minimum of 72 hours, as determined by an assessment of current demographic data for the jurisdiction.

Depending on the nature of the event, a 24-72 hour supply of essential child-specific supplies should be on site prior to the opening of a shelter or facility. However, in situations where this is not possible, supplies should still be available for immediate deployment and delivered on site within 3 hours.

Such a level of preparedness is critical due to the high vulnerability of this population.

(Guidance begins on next page.)

REQUIRED PERISHABLE SUPPLIES		
Quantity	Description	Comment
40 Jars	Baby Food - Stage 2 (jar size is 3.5 - 4 oz)	Combination of vegetables, fruits, cereals, meats
1 box (16oz)	Cereal - single grain cereal preferred (e.g. rice, barley, oatmeal)	Rice, barley, oatmeal or a combination of these grains
See Note	Diaper wipes - fragrance free (hypoallergenic)	Minimum of 200 wipes
40	Diapers - Size 1 (up to 14 lbs.)	Initial supply should include one package of each size, with no less than 40 count of each size diaper
40	Diapers - Size 2 (12 - 18 lbs.)	
40	Diapers - Size 3 (16 - 28 lbs.)	
40	Diapers - Size 4 (22 - 37 lbs.)	
40	Diapers - Size 5 (27 lbs. +)	
40	Pull Ups 4T - 5T (38 lbs. +)	
320oz	Formula, milk-based, ready to feed (already mixed with water) ++	Breastfeeding is the best nutritional option for children and should be strongly encouraged.
64oz	Formula, hypoallergenic-hydrolyzed protein, ready to feed (already mixed with water) ++	
320oz	Formula, soy-based, ready to feed (already mixed with water) ++	
1 Quart	Oral Electrolyte solution for children, ready-to-use, unflavored (e.g. Pedialyte) - Dispensed by medical/health authority in shelter ++	Do not use sports drinks. The exact amount to be given, and for how long, should be determined by an appropriate medical authority (doctor or nurse). To be used in the event an infant/child experiences vomiting or diarrhea, and the degree of dehydration.
See Note	Nutritional Supplement Drinks for Kids/Children, ready-to-drink (e.g., Pediasure, Kids Essential/Kids Boost) - Dispensed by medical/health authority in shelter	** Not for infants under 12 months of age ** Requirement is a total of 40-120 fl. oz per day; in no larger than 8 oz bottles.

Note: See "Supplemental Information" for additional information regarding the items followed by "++."

REQUIRED NON-PERISHABLE SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT		
Quantity	Description	Comment
25	Infant feeding bottles (plastic only) ++	4 - 6 oz. size preferred (to address lack of refrigeration)
30	Infant Feeding Spoons ++	Specifically designed for feeding infants with a soft tip and small width. Can be used for younger children as well.
50	Nipples for Baby Bottles (non-latex standard) ++	2 per bottle
25	Diaper Rash Ointment (petroleum jelly, or zinc oxide based)	Small bottles or tubes
100 pads	Disposable Changing Pads	At least 13x18 in size. Quantity is based on 8-10 diaper changes per infant per day
10	Infant bathing basin	Thick plastic non-foldable basin. Basin should be at least 12" x10" x 4"
See Note	Infant wash, hypoallergenic	Either bottle(s) of baby wash (minimum 100 oz.), which can be "dosed out" in a disposable cup (1/8 cup per day per child) or 1 travel size (2oz) bottle to last ~48 hrs per child.
10	Wash cloths	Terry cloth/cotton - at least one per child to last the 72 hr period
10	Towels (for drying after bathing)	Terry cloth/cotton - at least one per child to last the 72 hr period
2 sets	Infant hat and booties ++	Issued by medical/health authority in shelter
10	Lightweight Blankets (to avoid suffocation risk)	Should be hypoallergenic, (e.g., cotton, cotton flannel, or polyester fleece)
5	Portable Crib	To provide safe sleeping environments for infants up to 12 months of age
2	Toddler potty seat	That can be placed on the seat of an adult toilet, with handles for support. One each should be located in both a Men's and Women's restroom
1 pack	Electrical Receptacle Covers	Minimum 30 (Note: Prioritize covering outlets in areas where children and families congregate (family sleeping area, children's areas, etc.)

Note: See "Supplemental Information" for additional information regarding the items followed by "++."

RECOMMENDED PERISHABLE SUPPLIES		
Quantity	Description	Comment
	Baby Food – Stage 1 (jar size ~ 2.5 oz)	Combination of vegetables, fruits, cereals, meats
	Baby Food - Stage 3 (jar size ~ 6 oz)	Combination of vegetables, fruits, cereals, meats
	Diapers - Preemie Size (up to 6 lbs.)	As needed for shelter population
	Healthy snacks that are safe to eat and do not pose a choking hazard (intended for children 2 years and older)	Should be low sugar, low sodium: yogurt, applesauce, fruit dices (soft) (e.g., peaches, pears, bananas), veggie dices (soft) (e.g., carrots), 100% real fruit bite-sized snacks, real fruit bars (soft), low sugar/whole grain breakfast cereals and/or cereal bars, crackers (e.g., whole grain, "oyster"/mini)

Quantity	Description	Comment
	Sip Cups (support for toddlers) ++	

Note: See "Supplemental Information" for additional information regarding the items followed by "++."

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Description	Supplemental Notes
Formula	<p>Use of a powdered formula is at the discretion of the jurisdiction or shelter operator. If using powdered preparation of the formula should be conducted by appropriately trained food preparation workers. Water used should be from an identified potable water source (bottled water should be used if there is any concern about the quality of tap or well water).</p> <p>Hypoallergenic hydrolyzed formula can be provided in powdered form—(1) 400 gram can—but only if potable water is accessible.</p>
Infant Feeding Bottles and Nipples	<p>Each time nutritional fluids, formula and/or other infant feeding measures (including breast milk in a bottle) are distributed by trained, designated shelter staff and/or medical professionals, clean, sterilized bottles and nipples must be used. Note: After use, bottles are to be returned to the designated location for appropriate sterilization (and/or disposal). Bottle feeding for infants and children is a 24/7 operation and considerations must be in place to provide bottle feeding as needed (On average, infants eat at minimum 5-8 times daily).</p> <p><b>Note to staff: Sterilizing and cleaning</b></p> <p>Sterilize bottles and nipples before you use them for the first time by putting them in boiling water for 5 minutes. Nipples and bottles should be cleaned and sterilized before each feeding. If disposable bottles and nipples are not available and more durable bottles and nipples will be re-used they must be fully sterilized before each feeding. To the greatest extent possible bottles and nipples should be used by only one child. In the event parents want to use their own bottles and nipples, shelter staff should provide support for cleaning these items between feedings. Support such as access to appropriate facilities for cleaning (not public restrooms).</p>

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION <i>(continued)</i>	
Description	Supplemental Notes
Note regarding all feeding implements for Infant/Children	<p>There is a specific concern with cleaning and sanitizing of all feeding implements associated with infants and children (infant feeding bottles/nipples, spoons, sip cups, etc.). These items will require additional attention by food preparation staff to ensure they are sanitary as a means of reducing food borne illness. Staff medical/health staff should be consulted on best means of raising awareness among shelter residents and enlisting their support for these extra sanitary measures.</p> <p>Feeding implements such as spoons and sip cups should be cleaned using hot soapy water provided potable water is available. When the item is being cleaned to give to another child the item must be sterilized.</p>
For the following items: infant bathing basin, lightweight blankets, diaper rash ointment, wash cloths, and towels	Consider pre-packaging the listed items together and providing one package to each family with children. Note: additional blankets and towels will be necessary for families with more than one child.