



# Is Your Drinking Water Missing Something?

## Iowa Communities Discontinue or Reduce Water Fluoridation

Despite being named one of the top ten public health achievements in the 20th century, an alarming trend of fluoride elimination from community water systems is occurring across Iowa. Commonly-reported reasons for discontinuation or reduction have included equipment cost, the US Department of Health and Human Services-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s proposed recommendations, and anti-fluoridation movements. Below are three growing lists of water systems that have discontinued, reduced, or are considering the elimination of fluoride from their community water. The target of 0.7 PPM is the optimal level and not below. Our objective is that all Iowa water systems meet that “minimum and optimal” standard as set by the HHS/CDC.

These lists are updated as new occurrences are reported to the Iowa Department of Public Health.

No longer provides fluoride	
Water System	County
Ashton	Osceola County
Columbus Junction	Louisa County
Coon Rapids	Carroll County
Elkader	Clayton County
Everly	Clay County
Floyd	Floyd County
Fort Madison	Lee County
Granger	Dallas County
Maxwell	Story County
Sac City	Sac County
Sanborn	O’Brien County
Sutherland	O’Brien County
Victor	Iowa County

Considering discontinuation or reduction	
Water System	County
Aplington	Butler County
Cedar Rapids	Linn County
Dallas Center	Dallas County
Gilmore City	Humboldt County
Maquoketa	Jackson County
Keokuk	Lee County
Mechanicsville	Cedar County
New Sharon	Mahaska County
Ossian	Winneshiek County
Tama	Tama County